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Assess the condition of each Daywalk bolt before use. Discard bolts with visible signs of damage, including (but not limited to):

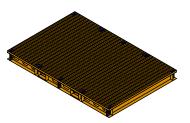
- Bending, damage or deformation of the threaded rod, washer plate or base plate
- Missing or damaged roll pins or spring washer
- Cracked or damaged welds, base plate or thread body
- · Damaged or stripped threads on the bolt or nut
- Galvanisation or coating peeling off or exposed base metal
- · Variation in the thread pitch in diameter or width for the nut or thread body
- Sharp or flaky threads on the nut or thread body

Bolts are recommended by the manufacturer to be single use only.

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This Guide

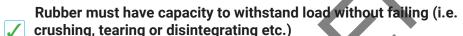
- Covers singular items secured to a Daywalk 12T rated steel pallet (SKU 13-PSGG3500/2320/12T) by Daywalk securing bolts, transported by road in Australia
- Meets the requirements of the Performance Standard forces specified in Schedule 7 of the Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation 2018
- Does not cover restraint of the combined pallet and item on the truck



Daywalk 12T Rated Pallet

Key Elements

- Equipment must be in good working order
- ⚠ Damaged pallets should be inspected by a competent person to confirm their structural capacity before use
- ✓ Ensure all pallet bearers are in contact with the deck of the truck
- Place rubber with minimum coefficient of friction of 0.6 and minimum load capacity of 6.0 N/mm² between the item and pallet

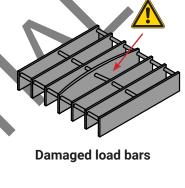


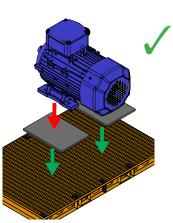
No low friction surfaces (i.e. steel on steel)

- Rubber may be required between the pallet and the deck of the
- truck to permit application of adequate restraint
- Use Daywalk securing bolts to attach the item to the pallet
- Bolts must be tightened to the required torque specified in Table 4
- Mounting points on the item must be strong enough to withstand the applied forces (Performance Standard + bolt torque)

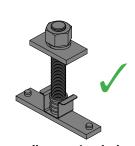
Do not apply lashings over the item - this will apply additional load to the pallet and may overload it

Use spreader plates where required to increase the load capacity of the pallet

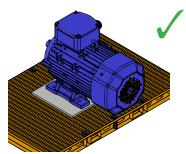




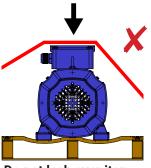
Rubber between pallet and item



Daywalk securing bolt



Spreader plate



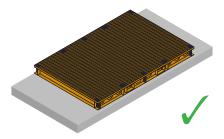
Do not lash over item



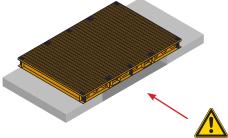


How to Use

✓ Place the pallet on a rigid surface and ensure all bearers of the pallet are supported

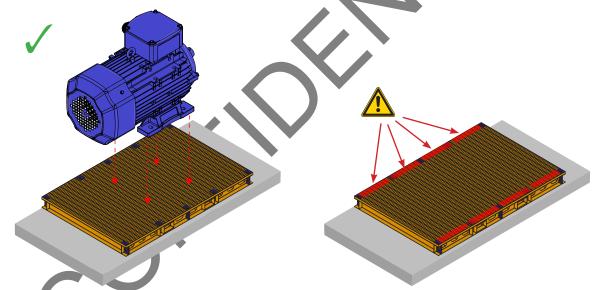




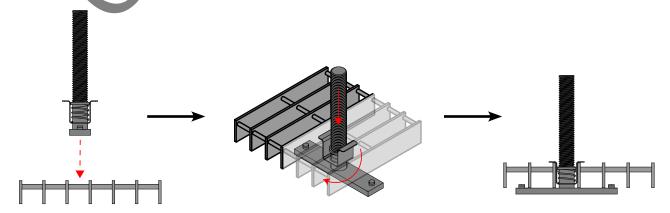


Middle bearers unsupported

- Identify locations where securing bolts can be placed to secure the item to the pallet. The item should be placed such that the centre of gravity is centred on the pallet.
- ✓ A minimum of four bolts should be used at all times
- ⚠ If the bolt hole on the item exceeds ø 40mm, contact Daywalk for a larger washer
- The load capacities identified in this document do not apply to the load bars adjacent to the lashing points contact Daywalk for more information



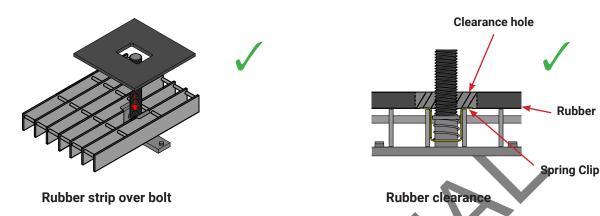
Insert bolt between mesh, rotate and hold in place with the spring clip at each location



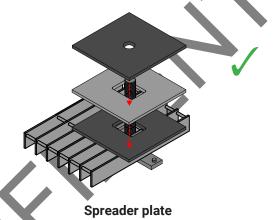






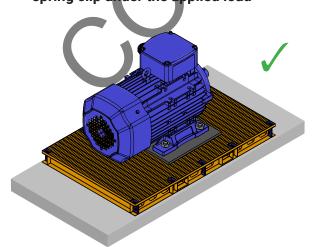


If spreader plates are required, place spreader plate followed by another piece of rubber over bolt at each location

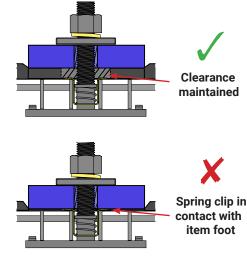


✓ Load item onto pallet and secure by tightening bolts to the required torque

Rubber must have capacity to prevent contact between the item (or spreader plate) and the spring clip under the applied load



Item secured to pallet



Spring clip clearance

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Load Capacity

The load capacity of the pallet depends on the total number of contact points and the area of each

Load capacity is also affected by the stability of the item - Table 1 must be read in combination with Tables 2 and 3

The capacity of the pallet is determined by identifying the relevant value from each Table (1, 2 and 3) and taking the lesser of the three

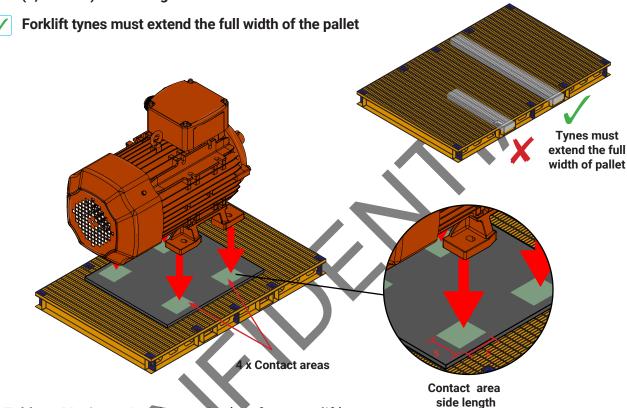


Table 1: Maximum Load Capacity (not for crane lift)

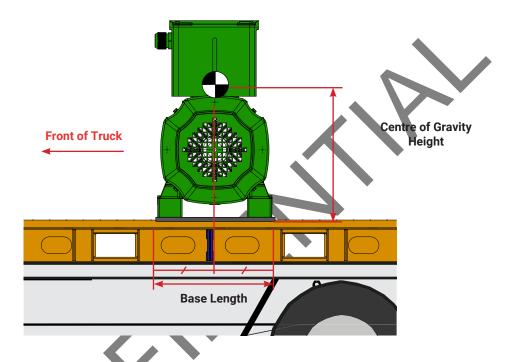
	Number of Contact Areas			
Contact Area Side Length (S) Assumed Arrangement:	2	4	6	8
151 - 175mm	1310kg	2620kg	3930kg	5245kg
176 - 200mm	1780kg	3565kg	5350kg	7135kg
201 - 225mm	2330kg	4660kg	6990kg	9325kg
250 x 250mm spreader plate ^	3625kg	7260kg	10890kg	12000kg
400 x 150mm spreader plate ^	3485kg	6970kg	10460kg	12000kg
400 x 400mm spreader plate ^	9310kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg
500 x 350mm spreader plate ^	6200kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg

Minimum contact area of item on each spreader plate = 150 x 150mm



Load Capacity - Load Stability

- The maximum load capacity of the pallet is also dependent on the stability of the item in the forwards and sideways directions (i.e. the base width, base length and centre of gravity height)
- Tables 2 and 3 specify the maximum pallet capacity based on load stability in the forwards and sideways directions respectively
- Items may topple forwards if they have a narrow base length



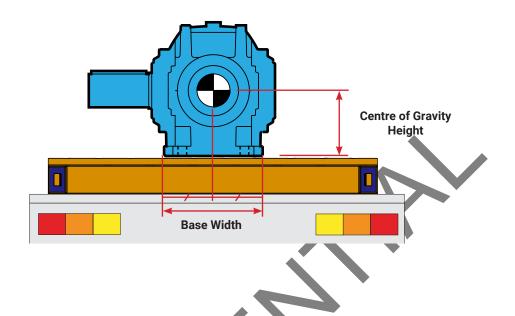
The maximum forwards toppling load capacity for items with a centre of gravity at the mid point of the base length is shown in Table 2

Table 2: CoG Limitations - Forwards Toppling

Base Length	Centre of Gravity Height (mm)				
	200 - 400	401 - 600	601 - 800	801 - 1000	1001 - 1200
1500 - 1600mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	4945kg	1175kg
1600 - 1700mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	1650kg
1700 - 1800mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	2550kg
1800 - 1900mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	4950kg
1900 - 2000mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg
2000 - 2100mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg
2100 - 2200mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg
2200 - 2300mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg



▲ Items may topple sideways if they have a narrow base width



The maximum sideways toppling load capacity for items with a centre of gravity at the mid point of the base width is shown in Table 3

Table 3: CoG Limitations - Sideways Toppling

Base Width	Centre of Gravity Height (mm)				
	200 - 400	401 - 600	601 - 800	801 - 1000	1001 - 1200
400 - 500mm	12000kg	660kg	330kg	220kg	165kg
501 - 600mm	12000kg	1650kg	550kg	330kg	235kg
601 - 700mm	12000kg	12000kg	990kg	495kg	330kg
701 - 800mm	12000kg	12000kg	2310kg	770kg	460kg
801 - 900mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	1320kg	660kg
901 - 1000mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	2970kg	990kg
1001 - 1100mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	1650kg
1101 - 1200mm	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	12000kg	3630kg

Key Assumptions:

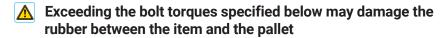
- Contact points remain in contact with the pallet at all times
- 2. Static coefficient of friction between rubber and item and rubber and pallet is min. 0.6
- 3. Performance standard forces: 0.8g forwards, 0.5g rearwards and sideways and 0.2g vertical.
- Restraint is applied to the pallet only, no additional load is placed on the item (i.e. lashings do not pass over item)
- 5. Accelerations from mobile plant do not exceed the performance standard forces
- 6. Item weight is evenly distributed between contact areas
- 7. Bolt torque calculated based on nut factor of 0.28

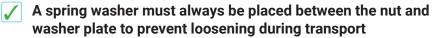
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Required Bolt Torque







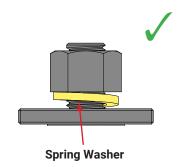


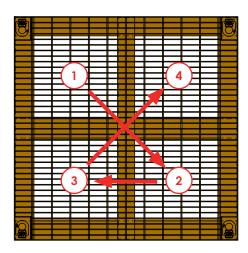
Table 4: Required Bolt Torque

ltem Weight	Number of Bolts			
	2	4	6	8
0 - 2000kg	55 Nm	30 Nm	20 Nm	15 Nm
2001 - 4000kg	110 Nm	55 Nm	40 Nm	30 Nm
4001 - 6000kg	165 Nm	85 Nm	55 Nm	45 Nm
6001 - 8000kg	min. 4 bolts	110 Nm	75 Nm	55 Nm
8001 - 10000kg	min. 4 bolts	140 Nm	95 Nm	70 Nm
10001 - 12000kg	min. 4 bolts	165 Nm	110 Nm	85 Nm

Bolt Torque Sequence

Bolts should be torqued in a 'criss-cross' sequence over multiple passes to ensure all bolts achieve the required torque

Incrementally increase the applied torque with each pass until the required torque is achieved



Example Bolt Torque 'Criss-Cross' Sequence



Restraint of Pallet on Vehicle

- ✓ Restraint of the pallet to the vehicle should be per the options below
- ✓ Place anti-slip load matting (with min. coefficient of friction of 0.6 and min. load capacity of 6.0 N/mm²) or rough sawn timber (with min. coefficient of friction of 0.4) between the pallet and the deck
- Ensure the pallet is centred across the width of the truck
- ✓ Lashings must be prevented from wear
- All items on the pallet must be adequately secured to the pallet to meet the Performance Standard forces
- Lashings must be min. 8mm transport chain with a minimum lashing capacity of 2000kg.f, conforming to AS/NZ 4344 and tensioned to a minimum pre-tension of 1000kg.f
- ⚠ Do not exceed the rated lashing capacity (2000kg LC) of the external lugs

